

What you will learn about literacy and math skill readiness

QRIS Indicator for Step 3 Child Growth, Development, and Learning: ERS assessment meets minimum overall and interaction scores.

Program formally documents each child's progress.

ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE: LEARNING LANGUAGE BEGINS IN INFANCY AND RAPIDLY DEVELOPS FROM BIRTH TO AGE 5 IF CHILDREN ARE IN LANGUAGE-RICH ENVIRONMENTS IN WHICH ADULTS ARE PROVIDING A VARIETY OF LANGUAGE AND VOCABULARY OPPORTUNITIES.

Providers help children to accept, understand, and manage their emotions. (ELG Essential Practice, Problem-Solving Skills)

Providers model and teach conflict resolution and problem-solving skills. (ELG Essential Practice, Problem-Solving Skills)

- Respond consistently to child's behavior including what the adult does, tone of voice, and the words used.
- Anticipate what children might do next to prevent them from hurting themselves and others.
- Model and explain what children can do while waiting.
- Redirect negative behaviors into positive behaviors.
- Children create "if-then" or "when-then" scenarios.
- Children are involved in creating rules for the child care.
- Support children's efforts for solving their own problems and being independent.
- Give child ample time to solve own problems before intervening.
- Read books about feelings.
- Talk to children about feelings. ("What do you do when you feel....?" "How do you think that person feels?" "When that happens, I feel.....")
- Model and role-play negotiation and conflict resolution skills with children.



- Model, show and talk with child about rules, limits, and options and explain how they help people get along and keep children safe.
- Teach children to avoid aggressive behaviors and explain how it might hurt others.
- Provide activities that allow child to negotiate social conflicts.
- Give child ample time to solve own problems before intervening.
- Model appropriate strategies for conflict resolution and use questions to stimulate thinking. Read stories, use flannel board, or invent puppet plays in which characters solve conflicts appropriately.

ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE: CHILDREN HAVE A COMMON SET OF EMOTIONAL NEEDS: ATTENTION, AFFECTION, AFFIRMATION, AND ACCEPTANCE

Providers promote trust, security, and exploration through nurturing relationships and safe, consistent, and stimulating environments. (ELG Essential Practice, Health and Safety)

What does this look like in practice?

- Interact with children by asking simple questions and responding to their questions.
- Respond consistently to child's behavior including what the adult does, tone of voice, and the words used.
- Show respect for children's choices and attempts at solving problems.

ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE: YOUNG CHILDREN'S BEHAVIOR MAY COME FROM CURIOSITY, NEED FOR ATTENTION, STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT, NEED FOR INDEPENDENCE, OR BASIC UNMET NEEDS.

Providers observe, recognize, and support children's unique ways of approaching new information and expressing themselves; taking into consideration their temperaments, inclinations, and attitudes. (ELG, Essential Practice, Cultural Context)

- Create a safe, secure, and attractive environment, which includes toys and books, for children to explore.
- Observe each child to understand unique temperament, learning styles, and ways of showing curiosity.
- Make surroundings safe and inviting to encourage exploration.
- Offer a variety of materials and activities for each child's learning style.
- Respond to children's cues that indicate the need for quiet or active time.
- Provide regular sleep routines.
- Stimulating and restful activities are balanced.
- Opportunities for physical activity are provided throughout each day.



ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE: ADULTS CAN HELP A CHILD LEARN DESIRED BEHAVIOR.

Individualize experiences, activities, interactions, and instructions to meet the needs of each child. (ELG, Essential Practice, Cultural Context)

What does this look like in practice?

- Provide environment and time for dramatic play.
- Role play and give children words they can use. ("Would you like some new colors to draw with? I will pass them to you.")
- Communicate expectations clearly by modeling and showing children how to respond.

ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE: ADULTS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR OWN RESPONSES, RECOGNIZING THEIR OWN FRUSTRATION AND IDENTIFYING STRATEGIES TO AVOID INAPPROPRIATE REACTIONS.

Ensure that children are provided with caregivers who interact in consistent and caring ways. (ELG, Essential Practice, Health and Safety)

What does this look like in practice?

- Providers can identify child behaviors that trigger feelings of anger and frustration.
- Providers develop a system within their staff to support each other when children's behavior is challenging.
- Providers know when to remove themselves from the situation or give themselves a "time-out" until they feel in control of their emotions.

ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE: THERE ARE MORE EFFECTIVE DISCIPLINE STRATEGIES THAN TIME-OUTS.

Help children learn to accept, understand, and manage their emotions. (ELG, Essential Practices, Problem-Solving Skills)

- Teach children alternate ways to behave instead of trying to stop the behavior.
- Isolation and physical restraint should only be used to maintain and safe environment for the child and others.



ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE: EFFECTIVE DISCIPLINE STRATEGIES RULES OF THUMB-

- Pick your battles
- Keep it simple
- Be patient
- Be consistent
- Follow through
- Have a plan

Ensure that children are provided with caregivers who interact in consistent and caring ways. (ELG, Essential Practice, Health and Safety)

- Pick your battles- safety first followed by pet-peeves or hot buttons
- Keep it simple- keep rules to a manageable number for children to remember, with concise responses, not lectures
- Be patient- children make the same mistakes many times
- Be consistent enforce the expectations throughout the day
- Follow through using natural or logical consequences, be prepared to do what you say you will do. Avoid empty threats.
- Have a plan goals, expectations, consequences, and rewards for increasing a desired behavior or decreasing an undesired behavior. Expectations must be developmentally appropriate.

